How to join?

You can join by filling out an online form, by phone contact, or in person at one of the SMAS Sintra service centers (headquarters and branches), with immediate delivery of the bucket and green bags.

If the sign up is done online or by phone, the delivery of the bucket and bags will be made at the home, in order of registration of membership.

Reduce waste

- Make use of leftovers. They can be practical and tasty solutions for new meals;
- Start by using the ripest vegetables and fruits and only then the greener ones;
- Expiration dates, in some cases, are merely indicative, check the condition of the food before throwing it away.

Cofinanciado nor:

REPÚBLICA

AMBIENTE E ACÃO CLIMÁTICA

PORTUGUESA

WHAT SHOULD I PUT IN THE GREEN BAG?

Raw and cooked food scraps or expired:

• Vegetables and fruits, meat and fish, bread and cake scraps, eggshells, coffee grounds, tea bags, and paper napkins.

WHAT SHOULD I NOT PUT IN THE GREEN BAG?

• Olive oil, used cooking oil, coffee capsules, glass, plastics, metals, textiles, light bulbs, cigarette butts, animal excrement, cups, cutlery, dishes, medicines, batteries, etc.

WHERE SHOULD I

FUNDO

Ministério do Ambiente

-AMBIENTAL

DEPOSIT THE GREEN BAG?

. m. área

metropolitana de lisboa

· In the undifferentiated waste public

more information:



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How to join and request

extra green bags?

910 443 505

(09h00 - 17h30)

www.smas-sintra.pt

+ ENVIRONMENT

WASTE

JOIN THE BIORECYCLING!

Help us fight waste by contributing to a better and more sustainable world.

At the end of the meal, SEGREGATE food scraps into the green bag and place it in the undifferentiated waste container

Use the green bag.



Did you know that nearly half of the waste you produce is food waste?

Food left on the plate, food that has expired, or leftovers from meal preparation, such as fruit and vegetable peels, eggshells, or tea/coffee sachets.

This food waste contains nutrients and energy that can and should be utilized, with everyone's help.

Why participate?

The selective collection of food waste is mandatory since January 2024.

To facilitate this practice, a selective food waste deposition system is being implemented in the Sintra Municipality.

By separating food scraps, you are reducing the waste sent to landfills and increasing the materials that will be recycled.

Did you know that by joining the selective collection system of food waste, you will receive a 2€ discount on your monthly bill from SMAS Sintra? To maintain the discount, every 6 months, you must request bags. Without your participation, the Sintra Municipality and Tratolixo cannot do their part and properly dispose of these waste materials.

Your participation is crucial for the sustainability of the planet!

The green bag makes your routine easier

It couldn't be easier to separate food scraps! Use the bucket and green bags provided by the municipality. The bag, after being filled and tightly closed with a double knot, should be placed in the undifferentiated waste container. Did you know that on average each person throws away 200Kg of food waste each year?

The bags are this color differentiated to be easily separated at Tratolixo and are made from 100% recycled plastic.

Waste operators will do the rest, but without your help, this goal will be compromised.

What happens to the separated food scraps?

Did you know that about 1 kg of food scraps produces 0.5 kg of compost that can replace artificial fertilizers in agriculture? After collection, these waste materials are transported to the Anaerobic Digestion Plant of Tratolixo, located at the Abrunheira Eco-Park in Mafra.

The treatment process generates electricity from the biogas produced, resulting from the decomposition of food waste by microorganisms in an anaerobic environment. This energy is exported to the National Electric Grid as "green energy." An organic compost of high quality for fertilization of agricultural soils is also produced.



Place the green bag in the bucket





Tie a double knot with the ends of the bag



Deposit the green bag in the undifferentiated waste container, any day and at any time



The vehicle collects and transports the biowaste to the Tratolixo treatment plant



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At Tratolixo, food waste is subject to a decomposition process carried out by microorganisms.

The organic matter is transformed into a compost that can be used in agriculture



During the process, biogas is produced, which is then transformed into green energy